



General Assembly

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Agenda item 68 (b)

Promotion and protection of human rights: human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cape Verde, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Ecuador, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Guinea-Bissau, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Mozambique, Norway, Netherlands, New Zealand, Paraguay, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Timor-Leste, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay and Vanuatu: draft resolution

Moratorium on the use of the death penalty

The General Assembly,

Guided by the purposes and principles contained in the Charter of the United Nations,

Recalling the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,¹ the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights² and the Convention on the Rights of the Child,³

Reaffirming its resolutions 62/149 and 63/168 on the question of a moratorium on the use of the death penalty, in which the General Assembly called upon States that still maintain the death penalty to establish a moratorium on executions with a view to abolishing it,

¹ Resolution 217 A (III).

² See resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

³ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1577, No. 27531.



Mindful that any miscarriage or failure of justice in the implementation of the death penalty is irreversible and irreparable,

Convinced that a moratorium on the use of the death penalty contributes to respect for human dignity and to the enhancement and progressive development of human rights, and considering that there is no conclusive evidence of the deterrent value of the death penalty,

Encouraged by ongoing national debates and by regional initiatives on the death penalty, as well as by the readiness of an increasing number of Member States to make information available on the use of the death penalty,

Noting with appreciation the technical cooperation among Member States in relation to moratoriums on the death penalty,

1. *Welcomes* the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of resolution 63/168⁴ and the recommendations contained therein;

2. *Welcomes* the decisions taken by an increasing number of States to apply a moratorium on executions, followed in many cases by the abolition of the death penalty;

3. *Calls upon* all States that still maintain the death penalty:

(a) To respect international standards that provide safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty, in particular the minimum standards, as set out in the annex to Economic and Social Council resolution 1984/50 of 25 May 1984, and consider their incorporation into national law, as well as to provide the Secretary-General with information in this regard;

(b) To make public information such as the number of persons sentenced to death, the number of executions actually carried out, the number of persons under sentence of death, the number of death sentences reversed or commuted on appeal and the number of instances in which clemency has been granted, which can contribute to possible informed and transparent national debates;

(c) To progressively restrict the use of the death penalty and reduce the number of offences for which it may be imposed;

(d) To establish a moratorium on executions with a view to abolishing the death penalty;

4. *Calls upon* States which have abolished the death penalty not to reintroduce it;

5. *Invites* Member States to share their national perspectives on the death penalty in their dialogue with the High Commissioner for Human Rights during a forthcoming session of the General Assembly;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its sixty-seventh session on the implementation of the present resolution;

7. *Decides* to continue consideration of the matter at its sixty-seventh session under the item entitled "Promotion and protection of human rights".

⁴ A/65/283 and Corr.1.